## ERRATA FOR REAL AND COMPLEX ANALYSIS, BY C. APELIAN AND S. SURACE

- (1) (p. 4) The Dedekind Completeness Property, sixth line down. Change "(viii)" to "h)."
- (2) (p. 39, Exercise 35d) The complex polarization identity should read  $\langle z, w \rangle = \frac{1}{4} \left( |z+w|^2 |z-w|^2 \right) + \frac{i}{4} \left( |z+iw|^2 |z-iw|^2 \right).$
- (3) (p. 65, proof of Theorem 4.4) In the sentence, "Therefore,  $b \equiv \inf B$  exists, and  $a_n \leq t$  for all n," t should be b.
- (4) (p. 117, Exercise 3.47) Instead of the phrase "and the same conclusion still holds," the exercise should read "all but the conclusion that  $\sum x_j \leq \sum y_j$  holds."
- (5) (p. 129, Exercise 18) Replace "(Yes. Find a quick proof.)" with "(No. Find a simple counterexample.)"
- (6) (p. 132, Exercise 49) Layout error. The exercise reads:

**Exercise.** Suppose  $0 < x_1 < y_1$ , and that  $x_{n+1} = \sqrt{x_n y_n}$  and  $y_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}(x_n + y_n)$  for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

- a) Show that  $0 < x_n < y_n$  for all n. b) Show that  $x_n < x_{n+1}$  for all n.
- c) Show that  $y_{n+1} < y_n$  for all n. d) Show that  $\lim x_n = \lim y_n = L$ .
- (7) (p. 186, Example 1.12) "a previous exercise" should read "the following exercise"
- (8) (p. 190, Exercise 5.42)  $f(\overline{A}) \supset \overline{f(A)}$  should read  $f(\overline{A}) \supseteq \overline{f(A)}$
- (9) (p. 358, Exercise 7.24) The definition of  $f(\theta)$  should be  $\sin \theta \frac{2\theta}{\pi}$ .
- (10) (p. 362, Exercise 7.30) This is a repeat of the earlier Exercise 7.24.
- (11) (p. 406, Exercise 8.33) "Prove the above theorem" should read 'Prove the above proposition."
- (12) (p. 439, Exercise 8.63) This should say that "if  $u: D^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  is harmonic, each point  $x \in D^2$  has a neighborhood  $N_x$  on which  $u = \operatorname{Re}(f)$  for some differentiable complex function f on  $N_x$ ."
- (13) (p.465, Exercise 9.11) This should read "Part a)," not "Part 1."
- (14) (p 465, proof of Theorem 1.13) In the sentence beginning "This implies that," in the sum  $b_j = -\frac{1}{a_0} \sum_{k=0}^{j} a_k b_{j-k}$ , the indexing should start at k = 1.

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